4-Year Trial with Biodyne Biologicals

Proves Positive Impact for P & K Availability



GROWER CASE STUDY

FIELD 2

FIELD HISTORY

- Northwest Iowa
- Corn-Soybean Rotation Non-Irrigated
- Corn 219 BPA 10-yr APH Soybean 62 BPA 10-yr APH
- Average CEC 27.8 Average pH 6.5

APPROACH

- Biology applied for 4 years
- Environoc 401 applied in the spring, Environoc 501 applied in the fall
- There were no commercial phosphorus applications for 4 years
- Fall soil sampling by a third-party provider (Tucker Consulting, Storm Lake, IA)

YIELD RESULTS

2021 CORN: 2020 SOYBEANS: 63 BPA 2019 CORN: 215 BPA

2022 SOYBEANS: **58 BPA** 256 BPA The following is a 4-year case study showing the result of consistent Environoc 401 and 501 use on corn and soybeans in northwest lowa.

NUTRIENT LEVEL IMPACTS

PHOSPHORUS (P)

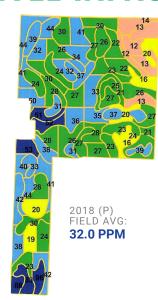
CONVENTIONAL INDUSTRY NUTRIENT REMOVAL RATE 254 units

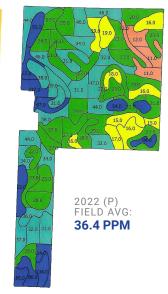
ACTUAL (P) APPLIED 0 units

ACTUAL AVERAGE LEVELS

2018 - 32.0 ppm 2022 - 36.4 ppm

(P) levels increased 4.4 ppm with 0 units applied.





2018 Historically high rainfall in Iowa.

2022 Historical drought conditions in Iowa.

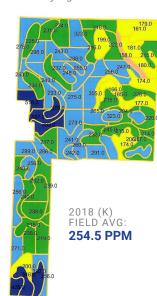
POTASSIUM (K)

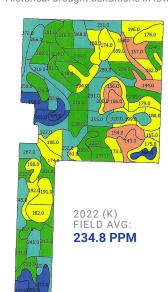
CONVENTIONAL INDUSTRY NUTRIENT REMOVAL RATE 264 units

ACTUAL (K) APPLIED 126 units

ACTUAL AVERAGE LEVELS 2018 - 254.5 ppm

2022 - 234.8 ppm





COST SAVINGS OF

S174/acre over the course of the 4-year trial

CONCLUSION

Phosphorus levels in this field should have shown a decrease in fall soil test levels according to common university recommendations. However, due to supported biological activity with Biodyne biologicals, (P) levels increased with no additional commercial fertilizer applied, and (K) only saw a small change in nutrient levels.